

Local funds accounted for about 85 p.c. of the support of public libraries in 1961, and provincial grants for the remainder. The current operating payments of all public libraries were the equivalent of \$1.06 per year per capita in 1961.

1.—Summary Statistics for All Public Libraries, 1961

Province or Territory	Population Served	Libraries	Stock of Books, Periodicals and Pamphlets	Circulation	Current Operating Payments	Full-Time Staff
	No.	No.	No.	No.	\$	No.
Newfoundland.....	457,853	3	363,294	877,699	139,412	34
Prince Edward Island.....	104,629	2	122,355	240,172	54,218	9
Nova Scotia.....	471,892	13	395,852	1,782,795	707,394	101
New Brunswick.....	149,834	6	102,261	593,812	147,397	26
Quebec.....	2,952,431	218	2,391,032	4,348,260	1,736,333	284
Ontario.....	5,984,184	317	7,779,415	33,319,907	10,510,464	1,415
Manitoba.....	792,226	16	449,696	2,362,896	796,803	120
Saskatchewan.....	925,181	76	689,464	2,293,957	973,840	125
Alberta.....	1,331,944	135	1,266,868	4,989,431	1,388,370	229
British Columbia.....	1,629,082	75	1,806,401	9,783,874	2,841,009	402
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	12,423	14	29,637	11,380	4,767	—
Totals, 1961.....	14,811,679	875	15,396,275	60,604,183	19,300,007	2,745
Totals, 1960.....	14,349,449	846	13,866,935	56,187,325	17,354,429	2,527

University, College and School Libraries.—In 1960-61, the 34 larger Canadian institutions of higher education had almost 7,000,000 volumes in their collections to serve over 100,000 students, representing 87.7 p.c. of all full-time university enrolment in Canada. Their expenditures averaged almost \$60 per full-time student and they had 946 full-time employees, almost one third of whom were professional librarians.

According to school board reports, almost half of the public elementary and secondary schools in centres of over 10,000 population had centralized libraries in 1961. The 1,613 libraries served almost 1,000,000 pupils, and averaged 2,700 volumes for 588 pupils. Average expenditure for books and other library materials was \$2.36 per pupil served.

2.—Book Stocks in the Larger Academic Libraries and Enrolment Served, by Province, Academic Year 1960-61

Province	University and College Libraries				Centralized School Libraries			
	Libraries	Volumes	Enrolment Served	Expenditures per Full-Time Student	Libraries	Volumes	Enrolment Served	Payment for Books per Pupil
	No.	No.	No.	\$	No.	No.	No.	\$
Newfoundland.....	1	60,000	1,238	57.58
Prince Edward Island.....	—	—	—	—	2	5,644	1,387	0.97
Nova Scotia.....	3	357,279	4,088	54.93	59	98,136	28,018	0.66
New Brunswick.....	2	210,322	2,997	58.73	36	72,530	19,351	0.68
Quebec.....	8	1,881,557	35,154	29.65	494	1,090,003	248,478	3.06
Ontario.....	13	3,065,134	27,705	93.17	512	1,445,287	369,441	1.94
Manitoba.....	2	309,744	4,959	54.22	73	239,404	48,376	3.82
Saskatchewan.....	1	211,719	4,828	51.51	50	148,891	20,248	2.58
Alberta.....	2	321,952	6,803	83.12	182	532,328	75,834	3.81
British Columbia.....	2	575,679	12,618	65.89	205	693,882	137,979	2.48
Totals.....	34	6,993,386	100,390	59.63	1,613	4,326,105	949,112	2.36

Special Libraries.—More than 300 government, business, technical and professional libraries exist in Canada, chiefly in Montreal, Ottawa and provincial capitals. These